Trotsky, Leon 2Ka:

Bronstein, Lev Davidovich Bureau File 65-29/62 (Section 5) Special Agent in Charge New York, New York

IN: CARMEN ENRIQUETA FOVELA JAEQUE;
CARMEN MEASORA; MRS. PAULITE
FLMISCHMAU; MRS. CHRISTERA
FLEISCHMAN, WA. I Ernestira
Pleischman - INFORMATION CONCREMING

Dear Sirt

Reference is made to Bureau letters to your Office dated October 4, 1940, and October 7, 1940, in the captioned matter. It is noted that your Office was directed to institute an immediate investigation in this matter, jut no report has been received at the Sureau to date.

Por your confidential information, this investigation was originally requested by the Separtment of State. Accordingly, you are again instructed to give this matter your immediate attention and a report should be submitted to the Bureau not later than Friday, December 6, 1940.

Tory truly yours

John Rigar Essver
Pirector Direct

Post Office Box #2344 Boston, Massachusetts

December 12, 1940.

Execial Agent in Charge. Albany, New York.

Re: JACQUES MARRARD van BERENGESCHE, with aliases, TE AL SSPICEUSE - H

Lear Sir:

Reference is made to the report of Special agent M. R. MISFIN dated at New York City, New York December 9, 1340, in which where is set forth an undeveloped lead for the Boston Field Division Requiring abtention at Barmard, Vermont.

This lead is to assertain the identity of L. R. BEADLEY, care of MUSEAY, Barnard, Veislont.

In view of the fact that Versont is within your jurisdiction, it is requested that your cifice handle this lead.

Very truly yours,

V. P.11P

V. W. P. TERSON, Special Agent in Charge.

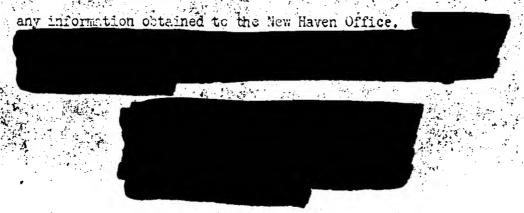
cc-Bureau

co-New York City

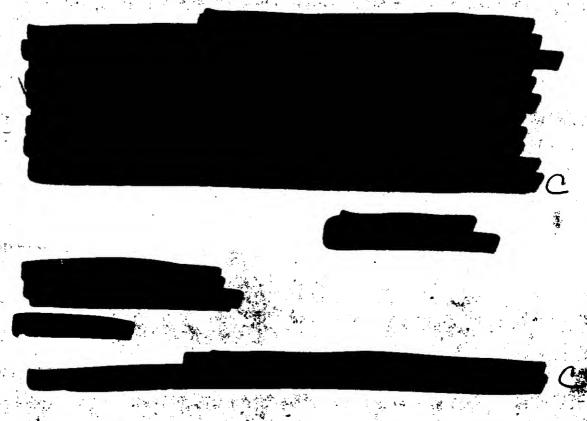
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

EPORT M	ADE AT	1.04	3 1 h	ATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD POR		REPORT MADE B	Y State		
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			Sept	ember 14, 1	1940.			•	- 2	•
STARI	s:		On 1	eptember 16	5. 1940.	tibe Now A	්වෙත⊝ට ටර් ජි	₩1:e was	ട മസ് ദേർ 1	Sur
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	-		rece	ived by the	at office	on Serte	mber 15,	1940, 1	rom VLAD	IME.
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			City	nd Avenue, . Inspecto	rewport,	to 419 3	18st 57th Mised the	. Ot reat, Electric	, i∰eu Lor. Sehr and	ĸ
			Toor	itsen had	Loft Newp	ort appar	ently fo	r dew Yo	ora.	
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	ey t			B. J. S.	1 S. T. A. 180		*			~ ,
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· ∠.	- NEV	Haven	•	سبي	-	SER FO	3 3040	1		, r , h
-		· · · ·	3	150						



No other information was furnished by the Newbort Police Department at this time, but that department advised it would continue to check on the activities of Tooritzen and Behr and advise this office thereof.





UNDEWFLOPED LEADS:

*THE NEW HAVEN FIELD DIVISION:

AT PROVIDENCE, PHODE ISLAND, will ascertain from the Bureau of Motor Vehicles if a chauffeur's license has been issued to FRANK TOORITZEN. It should be remembered that Tooritzen sometimes uses the name of THOODRE TO HITZEN and also spells his last name occasionally as TOURITSEN.

AT WEARCH, RHODE FOLLAD: will report results of investigation to be conducted by the Newport Police Department.

THE NEW YORK FLEID DIVISION:

At 540 West 136th street will conduct an appropriate investigation regarding the background and activities of A. F. ALEKHIN who corresponded with Tooritzen at Newport, Rhode Island, and ascertain if he is an any way connected with instant investigation.

At 85 Parkinson Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, will conduct an investigation regarding HLNRY EUFKA and NOMI LUPKA, their background and activities, and ascertain if they have any connection with instant case.

PENDING

65-29162 77

Jenuary 24, 1941

Special Agent in Chargo Buffalo, New York

RE: JACQUES WARLAND VAN DENDUTSOND, with alinees, et al; SEPIORAGE - P.

Fear Sir:

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent W. E. Forum, dated Docember 23, 1940 at Pullelo, New York, regarding the show-captioned matter.

A review of the above-mentioned report indicates that Officer who assisted in the mails on the Communist Readquarters in 1934 is presently incorresputed to the fatica frice, her fork, and that no attempt was being arise to interview regarding this particular, matter.

In view of the nature of this particular investigation, the Fursau desires that you take the nacessary steps to interview at the Attica Prison and obtain from him any information he may nessens regarding You Ten Peniroschi.

The Bureau desires that this conter to go an your promot attention.

Yery traily young

OUMNINGATIONS SIGHEN

A. E. B. Trum

OUMNINGATIONS SIGHEN

A. S. L. E. L.

A. JAN 21 1 541 4

CC - Per York

A. Richelle C. M.

A. Richelle J. S. Carro Sin Objects

John Edgar Resystem of Director

January 15, 1941

PERSONAL AND CONTRACTOR

Ronorable Adolf A. Berle, Jr. Assistant Secretary of State Department of State Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Perles

With reference to the investigation presently being conducted by this Bureau with regard to Judgues Marnard Van Condresold, with edisces, et all there are transmitted herewith the following reports:

Raport of SA W. E. Moran, dated December 28, 1940 at Buffale, New York.

Report of Si W. C. Inguan, dated January 2, 1941 at Sen intonic, Tower.

I wish to advise that investigation in this catter is continuing and all subsequent information inveloped in this case will be immediately from and the formation to you as received by this Eureen.

Sinceraly yours,

PY SPECIAL PUSCINGEN AND 12

•••

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORT MADE AT	PATE WHEN MADE		FILE NO. 65-1260 F	3
RITERATO NEW VODY	MHICH I	MADE	MORAN	= -
rmie		CHARACTER OF	CASE	
JACQUES MARNARD VAN	1 DENDRESCHD, with		NTACTT TO	
		ESPIO	NACE - R.	
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	officers	and unable	to recall	
	subject. Office		tica Prison.	1:1
		No record of subje	ect at	
30	Buffalo Police 1	Department.		
·				13
in the framework		- RUC_		
NAME OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE				۰
REFERENCE:	City, deted Dec	al Agent M. R. GRI	frin, New York	÷ - :
	oreg, across peo	DILUOT), 1/400		31 , 3 1
ETAILS:	AM DITTO A ATTENT	TODE		
THIRTIES.	AT BUFFALO, NEW	10nr.	· ·	
	Officer wa	as contacted on Dec	cember 17, 1940,	
	at the Eleventh	Precinct, and adv	ised that at the	
		ds at the Communisters		
		Police Department		
	in the raids; the	hat he does recall	the raid in	
		nd various other mo		
	recollection of	were picked up, bu any single merber	it he has no	7
COPIES DESTROYER	to the fact that	t at that time the	V Ware arresting	ż
198 cm	so many such inc	dividuals as a car	t of a series	
198 SEP 6 1960	of concerted ra	ids. The picture		
	advised that it	exhibited to Office excless exoked no recolled	er and he	
		4		er Market
中心				ंदो
PPROVED AND	SPECIAL AGENT	DO NOT WRITE IN	THESE SPACES	
	IN CHARGE		-49 CIFE	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT				
5)- Bureau	T. Maria	- IAN O		
	الناب	JAN 2 . 192	1.	
2 - New York City	fly -		Mark The Asset Times	
	Agr.	/ /		

Ex-Chief of Police was contacted on December 18, 1940 at his home at the advised that at that time he was Chief of Police and had had no connection with the raids in question, and knew nothing concerning them, for which reason he could do nothing to aid in identifying subject VAN DENDRESCHD.

Police Department, was contacted on the recommendation of
Lieut. advised that he had participated
in the raids in question but that there were so many individuals
apprehended at that time that he could recall no particular
individual and the picture evoked no recollection in his mind.

A search was made at the Identification Division of the Buffalo Police Department and there was no record for subject VAN DENDRESCHD under any of his known names or aliases. It was suggested that there was a possibility that he may have been arrested under some other name, and that if his fingerprint classification could be forwarded, an attempt would be made to identify him through it.

Lieut was consulted regarding the present whereabouts of Officer and advised that he is presently incarcerated in Attica Prison, Attica, New York. In view of the fact that the raids in question were conducted more than six years ago and no records thereof maintained, and that neither Officers or could recall anything concerning them, it was not deemed that the information which might be secured from Officer would warrant the time spent interviewing him at Attica Prison.

In view of the fact that there is no further investigation to be conducted by this office, this case is being considered

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

YOUM NO. I THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT	NEW YORK, ČITY		SA. FILE NO. 65-35
REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR	REPORT MADE BY
San Antonio	1/2/41	12/31,21/40	W. C. INGMAN
TITLE	00		CHARACTER OF CASE
JACQUES MARNA	RD VAN DENDR SCFD	with aliases	
STILL A MIRROR	r, with allages		ESPIONAGE.
		X 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
SYNORSIS OF FACTS	Gunter hotel,	an Antonio, has	no record of
	VAN DENDRESCH'S	registration t	here. Cne LUIS
	ARENALLY SASTAR a	dmitted to U. S	at Laredo,
, i	Texas on 5/29/4	O, had previous	ly visited one
	LOOK DETURE, 21	0.3.15th.St.,	New 10Pk City.
and make the property of	and the second	-RUC-	
QLA,			
REFLAENCE:	Letter from Bur	eau to the New	York Office
	Dated October 1		
	12/4/40.	A. WALTER, Hou	ston, Texas,
	12/4/40		
DETAILS:	At San Antonio,	Texas:	
			The second secon
	At the Auditor!	s.Office of the	Gunter Hotel Mr.
searched the hotel	files for VAN DEN	DRESCHD'S rame	and aliases, but the result
hetical file acco	day to day registr	y of patrons is	kept but merely an alpha-
to various Sunter	employees known to	the writer but	cture was discreetly slown results were negative.
	- and Told and a state with a co	0110 011031 040	Teampa worth Hedgeliae!
e rêv o	Arrangements we	re made through	er. immi-
gration Inspector	concerning entry i	nto the United S	States of the persons men-
tioned in reference	e letter. The hea	dquarters office	e of the sureau of Tanigra-
rinte check and	ports of entry fro supplied the follow	m Brownsville to	o Del Rio, Texas made appro-
branco citock attack	supplied the lollow	TUB THIOLESCIOUS	•
BEr.	LUIS AR NAL BAS	TAR was admitted	i to the United States at
Laredo, Texas of I	2/6/35 toystay six	months, giving	as his destination, ROSE
BRIGEL, 240 BY 15t	h. St. lew York C	ity. He was in	vestigated for overstay on
APPROVED AND			
FORWARDED	THE THE CHARGE		DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
		165- 241	13-100 MAN 10-17
COPIES OF TH	HIS REPORT		
5-Bureau			
2-New York			D 10/1
2-San Antonio	The open	The December of	CO KUNAWA
	1	ES DESTROYED	100
	18	8 SEP 6 1960	STANK WHOMEN
The state of the s	W. market W. S. Commission of the Commission of	A May like the FW	The state of the s

August 5, 1940. He was last admitted on May 29, 1940 to stay one month. Presumably, he returned to Hexico, inasmuch as he has not been investigated again for overstay. Mr. stated that there is a slip which is torn within the legally allowed period of stay by the immigration authorities when a man returns through the port of entry and that apparently this slip for BASTAR had been torn up. FASTAR was described as 28, born Mexico City. 5' 6", dark complexion, black hair, brown eyes, mother, ALICTA BASTAR, Mexico City.

DAVID ALLARO GLIGHTH is was admitted at laredo, fexas for one month on September 27, 1.19, carrying lexical official passport # 1.4820. Fr gave as his destination, three of the rexican Consul, New York City. His pirchplace is listed as Santa Rosalia, Chihuahua, Mexico and his residence as hexico City. His description was as follows: age 40, height 5' limbound exico light, black hair, green eyes, occupation artist, brother, J.783 SIQUENIOS, Mexico City. There was a notation on the file, "Wanted by the Mexican Government as of June 26, 1940."

clased no interestion on RAFAEL AR WALL STAR, alias RAFAEL BASTAR.

UNDEWSLOPED LEAD: THE SEE YORK CITY OFFICE,

At New York City: will check the edurers, RCSE BUIGEL, PAD E. 15th. St., Mem York City for information concerning the pheroabouts of SULWELSON and the Pheroabouts.

-RIFERRED PUR OF PRINCE-

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice Washington, D. C.

-#m::VGG -4:00 p.m. December 25, 1940

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Clegg
Mr. R. A. Tamm
Mr. Forworth
Mr. Nathan
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Egan
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Michols
Mr. Handon
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Gandy

Special Agent Unrich celled from new York to advise that the moon papers there today say that Sylvia Account, the girl involved in the Trotsky murder in Mexico Day, and left cashington, D. C., and will arrive in New York this afternoon. They further stated that she has said she will here the true story of the murter.

Mr. Emrich advised that he wanted to call this to the Eureau's ettention with the idea that she may not have been interviewed previously in Mexico City and it might be desired that she be interviewed now that she has returned to new York. He pointed out that Special Agent M. R. Griffin has interviewed her brothers and can undoubtedly make arrangements to interview her. He pointed out, however, that in view of her reported statement that she will give out information, she will undoubtedly be surrounded by newspaper reporters for the next two or three days are he does not think it, would be advisable to try to contact her until sometime next week.

r. Emrich was advised that he would be instructed in this matter.

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice Mashington, D. C.

PJW:MAL

January 2, 1941

Mz. Tako After, Cherca Mr. S. A. Tamm Mr. Fexworth Me. Nathan Sr. Ladd. Ffr. Egnu. Mr. Glavin Ex. 20cho's...... Mr. Henden Mr. Kosen Gardy

JACQUES MORNORD VAN DENTEFSOND alias Frank Jacson; MODICHER - E.

Attached hereto are climbin a Green the Ner York Evening Journal-American dated December 28. 1940, indicating that Sylvia Agelows, girl friends of the above-named subject and the slaver of Loon Trously has returned to her home in Brooklyn, Mew York.

According to the climmings, Miss Agelouf, when questioned as to whether Trotoky's losth was lue to the activities of the DPU allegally replied: "I do not want to answer that now!"

In view of Miss Ageloff's raturn to this country and her close associations with the subject of this matter, it is suggested that the New York Wishin biving an attempt to ascertain her whoreabouts and controvs in an endeavor to determine whether she has information in her possession pertaining to the activities of the COPU in this country which she has not revealed.

It is thought that herhaps the ter Itrk Melt Division could develop a confidential informat who is acquainted with her activities and back round.

MECONDED & Indiang

'ttachment

January 4, 1941

RECORTINO

Special Agent in Charge Now York, New York

FE: JACQUES MARNARD VAN DENUREDOND, with aliases, of al; ESPIONAGE - R.

Dear Cir:

Reference is made to the telephonic convergation: between Special Agent E. F. Earlich of the New York Dilice and Supervisor J. K. Munford, Jr., of the Sureau on Secender 23, 1940, regarding Sylvia Ageloff one of the subjects in this matter who recently returned to her home in Brocklyn, New York.

It is desired that you involvately confect in investigation remarking Mas Applicates present activities and ascertain, if possible, the Hentity of Wa confects which she may make in the near future.

For obvious reasons this investigation must be highly confidential and discreet. It is not desired that Hiss Applots be contacted or be interviewed at the present time. In the event you seeme information or advice which in your opinion would warrant an interview the same should be called to the absention of the Fureau and you will be adviced accordingly.

Very amily yours,

DAMMUNICATIONS SECTION

M. A. T. E. D.

N. JAN. 4. 1941 - A.

P. M.

P.

John Tigar Hoover

PERSONAL AND

Re:

COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES; Murder of LEON TROTSKY.

SILVIA AZELOFF, who has been held by the Mexico City Police since the murder of LEON FROTSKY, was released on December 24, 1940, and proceeded via Por-American Airlines to New York City.

JACSON has been transferred from the District Jail to the Federal Penitentiary where he is now confined. No decision has as yet been rendered by the Judge before whom the case was tried at Coycacan, Mexico.

The information requested by the writer in memorandum of November 8, 1940 has not as wet been peceived.

COSING DEGIFFORES 1700% 6 上海

BROCHER A ROBERT

PJW:MAL 65-29162-103 RECORDED

January 29, 1841

PERSONAL AND COLLEGE TIAL

Monorable Adolf A. Borle, Jr. Assistant Secretary of State Department of State Washington, D. C.

Doar Mr. Porte:

Lith reference to the current investigation loin; conducted certaining to JACCUTE W. WAND van WELLESCHU, with aliases, the nurierer of Leon Trotsky, I am transmitting herewith a copy of the report of Special Mont Leonard Playlock dayned from y 0, 1941 of Poster, Marachusetts.

I wish to mivise you have the condition is conditionable and all subsecuted remote received by this Eureau will be promptly transmitted to you.

Sincerely yours,

Str. Veloen

Str. Clags

Str. E. A. Tamm

Str. Poxwerth

Ur. Rathen

Nr. Land

Nr. Egen

JAN SO 1941 A

Tr. Clavia

Str. Wicholm

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

HIS CASE ORIGINATED AT	YORK, THEY	FILE NO. 65-1531 MC					
REPORT MADE AT	DATH WHEN MADE PERIOD FOR	REPORT MADE BY					
BOSTON, MASS.	1/8/11 1/3/41	LEGNARD BLAYLOGY					
ÎTLE	The state of the s	CHARACTER OF CASE					
JACQUES MARM	APD van DENDRESCHD, with aliases						
et al.	The state of the s	ESFION OF R					
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	SIDNEY GRANT, S9 State St., Boston, who is attorney for local Communist Party advises that wan DENDRISCHD has						
	never been connected with Communi	st Farty Boston.					
	Inspector Boston Police	Department, has never					
	mown van JETO USOND and states a	te has never, been in					
	Local Communist Office. Agent ad	Wised PHILVERARKEED,					
	Secretary, Communist Party, Massa Philadelphia temporarily. van DE	WINGSCHI has on original					
- !	record, Boston and Massachusetts.	HOUSEDONS HAS NO CHIMITAL					
» _~	- P -						
Reference:	Report of Special Agent M. R. GRIFF M., New York, N. Y.,						
	December 9, 1940.						
	Bureau letter to New York Field L	ivision, November 13, 1740.					
Details:	AT BOSTON, MASS.						
	T						
•	Inspecto wh	o is a member of Radical					
	Squad, Boston Police Department, keeping watch on all the subversi	Savises that he has been					
	Boston, Mass., for several years,	and that he has never					
	seen van TEMDRESCHD at the Commun	ist Meadmarkers 15					
	Essex St., Boston; said	that he was acquainted					
	with nearly all the members of th	e Communist Farty in					
	Boston and that if Subject had cv	er worked there or stayed					
De Dracetes	around the headquarters, he would	have seen him. After					
es destroyed	further examining the picture of Subject, he said he was						
₽SEP 6 1930	positive that Subject had never been at the local head- quarters for the Communist Party. further						
	advised Agent that it would be us	further					
PPROVED AND	SI ECIAL-AGENT	eriss so contact the					
FORWARDED: O.C.	IN CHARGE	DO NOT WPITE IN THESE SPACES					
		22 <u> </u>					
5) Bureau	THIS REPORT						
y, but eau	124-1999 999 - 11	N 10 19/6					
2 New York		100					
	101-						
3 Boston		001					
		. A U AT 1. 107.7522 E					

Communist Headquarters at 15 Essex St., inasmuch as they are all bitter towards the police and would refuse to give any information; and that if they did, it would probably be unreliable. He said that PHIL FRANKFELD, Secretary of Communist Party, Massachusetts, had left town but he did not know exactly where he went. Under pretext, phoned the local headquarters of the Communist Party and found out from HYLORDON, local Communist, that FRANKFELD is now in Fhiladelphia but will return later. advised Agent that FRANKFELD would refuse to cooperate at all with the Bureau and that it would be useless to attempt to obtain any information from him concerning van DENDRESCHD. FRANKFELD had previously refused to testify before the DIES COMMITTEE. further stated that FRANKFELD was stubborn and spiteful and any information he might happen to give would be unreliable.

SYDNEY GRANT, 89 State Street, Attorney for the local Communist Party, after being shown pictures of Subject van BENTYCOND, stated that he did not know Subject but that he knew that no sum person had ever worked at the Communist Headquarters in Boston. He said that FRANKFELD was now in Philadelphia but would return later, but that he could be located through the Communist Headquarters in Philadelphia.

Mriter and Special Agent RAY PITTEAN went to the local Socialist Workers' Party, 158 Broadway St., after being advised by Inspector that we might be able to get some information as to whether or not van DENDRESCHD had ever worked in Boston. Agent was unable to locate anyone at the Workers Party that could give such information, but was told that they only knew van DENDRESCHD by the publicity he received as "FRANK JACKSON," the assassinator of LEON TROTSKY, and that his picture had appeared in several newspapers and magazines. Subject had never been seen in Boston by anyone of the Workers Party.

Board of Probation of Massachusetts, cruises that Subject van EENORESCHD has no criminal record in the state of Mass.

Identification Division, Boston Police Department, advises Dubject van DENDRESCHD has no criminal record in the City of Boston.

Inasmuch as FHIL FRANKFELD, Secretary of Communist Party, Passachusetts, is known to possess strong contempt and ill-will towards the Bureau and other police organizations, and further, that any information he might happen to give concerning Subject van DENORESCHD would be wholly unreliable, the Boston Field Division will make no further attempt to interview him unless it is instructed otherwise by the Bureau or the office of origin.

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

THE BOSTON FIELD DIVISION

AT BOSTON, MASS.

Will conduct a discreet investigation to accertain the identity of the government agents who were examining the personal papers of LECN TROTSKY at Harvard University around October 30, 1940. For further information, see the clipping dated October 30, 1940 from the Boston Post now on file in the Boston Office.

THE ALEANY FIELD DIVISION

AT BARMARD, VERMONT

* Will ascertain the identity of L. R. BRADLEY, care of MURRAY, Barnard, Vermont.

FEUDING

JBL:DEM 65-29162

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

Washington, D. C.

December 27, 1940

Jadd Pk

Coff &

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. E. A. TATE

RE: JACQUES MONNARD VAN DENDRESCHD, with aliases

At 10:00 A.M. on December 27, 1940 Mr. Raymond D. Murphy of the State Department called on the telephone and stated that they were in receipt of a disject from the Legation at Mexico City, dated December 16, 1940, transmitting a letter submitted by the investigators for Judge Trujillo, dated December 13, 1940, with which they are transmitting fingerprints and detailed measurements of Van Dendreschd, alias Frank Jacson, requesting that these data be submitted to the FBI for an anthropological study to determine Jacson's nationality.

Mr. Murphy stated that this would be forwarded to the Eureau for appropriate attention and requested that the Bureau be very frank and honest in preparing a reply. Mr. Murphy indicated that he considers this request quite silly and thinks we should waste no time in connection with the request, particularly in view of the attitude of the Mexico authorities following Trotsky's murder.

COPIES DESTROYED
193 SEP 6 1960

Themosing bald

Respectfully,

J. B. Little

RECONDE

PJW:MAT - / 65-29162 - / 65

1,

January 14, 1941

PERSONAL AND COMPENSATION

Honorable Adolf A. Berle, Jr. Assistant Secretary of State Washington, D. C.

Dour Mr. Berle:

Reflerance is rade to your lotter of January 2, 1941, regarding the investigation of Jacques Mermard van Coniroschi, with aliases, slayer of Leon Trotsky, wherein you enclosed a letter from Morris N. Mughes, Justican Consulate Consulate Moxico, D. J., Mexico, dated December 16, 1940, and the original copy of a letter in the Spanish Languare dated December 19, 1940, from Senor Jose Comes Robleta and alfonso Calros, Special Mexicon Investigators who are investigating the Trotsky murder case in Mexico.

The above mentioned latter from the Maxicon authorities requested the following information:

ONT - That a certain letter muitten by Sylvia Remanderg be examined and studied by a payeldatries to determine whether the writer of the same was mentally unbalanced.

made at this Dureau for the purpose of determining whether the subject of this matter possesses a prior criminal recede. A further request was made to have the Singerprints of Van Tenireachi searched through the files of France, Bulgaria, Rumenia, Germany and Southern Russia.

CEMINUNICATIONS SECTION

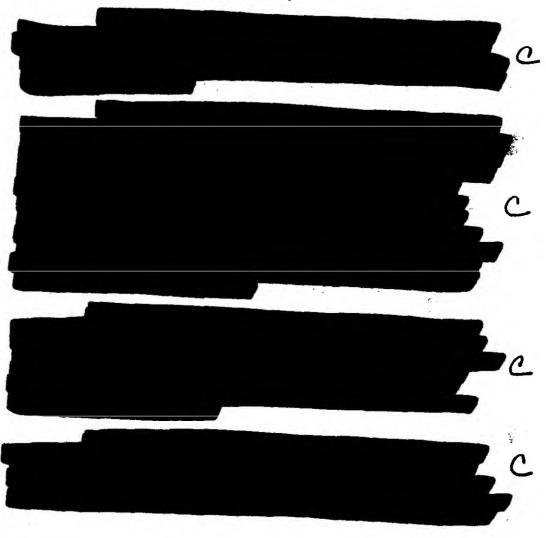
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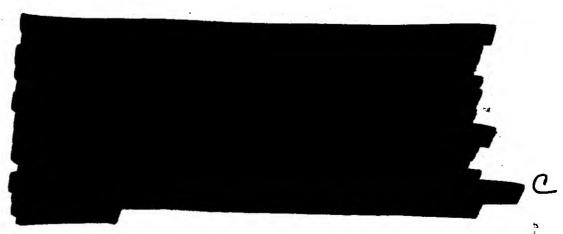
A JAN 15 1941 *

410

Honorable Adolf A. Perle, Jr. - 2

THREE - That the submitted list of physical measurements and descriptive data concerning Van Dendrescht be utulied by an enthronologist to determine the racial characteristics of Van Dendrescht.





I wish to advise their a discreet and confidential investigation is being conducted by this Sureau in the United States and all information developed in this natter will be promptly transmitted to you.

Sircerely yours,

&. Edgar Hoover

BY SPECIAL PRESENTER

Federal Eurean of investigation United States Department of Instice Mashington, D. C.

TAR:AF 15-29162

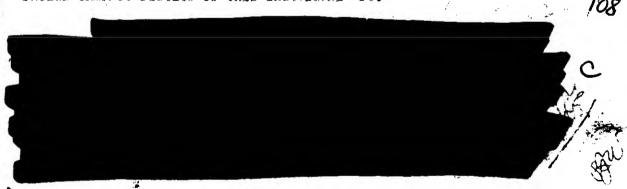
Jamusty O, 1921

MERCHANDUL FOR THE LADA

Ro: JACQUEC MONUME VIN SEMBEROND alias Frank Jacque

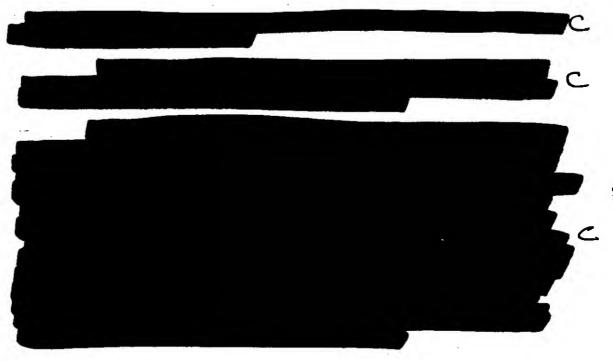
Reference is made to Mr. J. B. Little's menorundum for Mr. E. A. Taum, dated Docember 27, 1940, and ding forth the substance of a telephone call received from in. Reymond D. Maring of the State Department, advising that contain external in one meetion lith the case has been formarded to the State Department of Marington by the State Department in Mashington, D. C., enclosing a communication addressed to the Bureau by Jose Gemen Robleda and Allonso Crimes, the Mexican investigating officials in this case.

The letter from the Herrison officials bransmitted a hotographic copy of subject Jacson's fingerprints alth the respect that a search be ands through the ringerprint files and that arrangements be made to have them rescaled through the files of France, subject, Russnis, German, and Southern Russis; (2) that certain letter written by Sylvia Rosenberg, which has been previously examined by the Bureau for the presence of code or cipher, be studied by a psychiatrist to astornine whether the writer of same was mentally unbalanced (the investigating officials set forth their opinions concerning the mentality of Miss Rosenberg a board upon the writing of this letter); (3) that one substituted list of physical ensurements and de constitut data concerning a second characteristics of this individual are.



COPIES DESTROYED

alemo fir. Ladd Page 2



This latter has been discussed with the Waelm of Division V, the savined that, upon receipt of this noteralium, he would handle the case thereafter.

Door confunding

9/6/10° E. P. Coffey.

Petroury 25, 1941

Special Agent in Charge Albany, New York

TE: JACQUES MARMARD VAN DENDRESCHD, with slinges, or 1; ESPICHAGE - H.

Tear Sir:

heference is made to the recort of Special Agent C. Convertord dated January 28, 1941 at 1 bany, how fork, regarding the above-continued matter wherein the results of an interview with the set forth.

vary familiar with David Al Paro Discourse, Thus and Localdo Archal. There are some indications that the Day have in his possession some information pertaining to the COPU activities in Jewico and the United States. The report also indicates that the part of Larent's reactions at the time Van Bendroschi's protograph was exhibited to him.

Your attention is called to the fact that at the time was interviewed be substituted information in the nature of conscissions and no apparent effort was under to outside a detailed stokes of facts to substantiate or correlerate these conditions.

I desire that you immediately reason in this matter to an experienced Agent who should thoroughly review the report of Special Agent M. R. Griffin dated December 7, 1940 at New York Lity, for the purpose of securing the background of this case. I lither desire that the purpose of securing the background of this case. I lither desire that the reinterviewed and that a determined effort be ands to obtain from the adsired statement concurring the Communists' activities in the United States as well as the activities of the UCPU drightestion. The should be closely questioned concerning his additions with the warrous individuals in this case, the nature and extent of

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Sp. 28

his acquaintanceship with them and their connections with the CUFU Organization in Mexico and the United States.

It is believed that perhaps could be developed into a Confidential Informant, if properly approached.

I desire that you give this matter your immediate and expeditions attention in view of the nature of this porticular case and the information which approachly has in his possession.

It is desired that a report concerning this matter be aubmitted within ton days from the receipt of this letter.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Boover Director

CC - New York

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

This Case Originated at NEW YORK, NEW YORK File No. 65-796 HW Period Report Made By Report made at Date Then Made ALBANY, THEN YORK 1/4,6,18/: W. S. CRAMFORD 1/28/41 Title: CHANGED Character of Case JACQUES MARMARD van DENDRESCHD, with ESPIONAGE - R aliases: Jacques Mornard van Dendreschd; Jacques Monard, Jack Monard, Frank Jackson, Frank Jacson, Jack Morton, King; SYLVIA ACELOFY, with aliases: Mrs. F. Jac on, Silvia Azeloff, Sylvia ameloff Maslow, b. Maslow, "Bess", Sylvia Amaloff, Sylmia Egoloff, Silvia Areloss, Sylvia Ang loif, Hrs. F. Agrloff; CARLEN BYHIQUETA FOUNDANDARY IF, with aliason: Camen Enrique la Co da Jarque, Car en Henriqueta Covyda Jan te; HRT. PAULINE LEISCH AND HRS. ER TSTILLAR LEISCHLAT, with aliaset: Elmestina Contales, Ermestina Sleichaman; C. R.EN FELM, alius Cormon Meandra; HOMOTO FEMIZ GONZAMIZ; MRS. HOROGIO FERED GAUZALEZ, alias Amplieinbeck; EMRIQUE LARTIMEZ RIQUE, alias Enrique Martinez Rique; DAVID ALFARO SIQUEIROS; LIUS AREMAL PAROLAR; RAI PL ADMINAL DASTAR; JOSE PLANKI: HERCISOFTANSOTS; DIE KO RIVELL. Synopsis: indicated that he knew Van DENDERSOND but did not give definite information; is acquainted with SIQUETROS and Amenal brothers; believed all were implicated Approved sold Shedial Agent Conies of this adopt - Bureau lar Doston (Inf) : . 1- San Francisco: (Inf) 2 - Washington Field 1 - Hew Haven (Fif) l - Sar Antonio (Inf) l - Buflalo (Inf):

l - Houston (Inf)

in the attacks on TROTSKY and are working for GPU in Mexico and United States. Seemingly well acquainted with mechanics of the GPU and agreed to furnish further information on interview.

Ithaca, New York. No record of L. R. BRADLEY at Barnard, Vermont.

- P -

Reference:

Report of Special Agent H. R. GRITFIN, dated December 9, 1940, at New York, New York; Boston letter to Albany, dated December 12, 1940.

Details:

The title of this case is being changed to include the name of DIEGO RIVEA.

Graduate School at Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, advised that had applied for a fellowship to Cornell through the Institute of International Education at New York City on February 9, 1940.

further advised that an agreement had been made with the Argentina State Department whereby that country agreed to exchange students with schools in the United States, granting those students tuition scholarships.

A letter from the Institute of International Education revealed that we sacitized of the Argentine, his family presently at 19 de Junio, 5716, Montevideo, Argentina, and was a candidate for a scholarship from that country, being a graduate of the University of Montevideo. The records further reflect that he is 25 years old and before coming to the United States had taught at the Mational School for Teachers, Mexico City, and as of March 12, 1940, was residing at 15 Justo Sierra, Apartment 5, Mexico City.

stated that he did not know much about but observed that he was studying Rural Sociology, Social Psychology and Psychology at Cornell and had made a very favorable impression on all members of the faculty.

It was noted that he was residing at 206 Eddy Street, Ithaca, New York.

Upon learning that was apparently an ardent follower of Communism and a great admirer of LEON TROTSKY, the true nature and purpose of the interview was not disclosed but the conversation was confined to the assassination of LEON TROTSKY in a hope that further information relative to espionage activity by the CFU could be obtained.

was seemingly sincere in stating that he would give any information and other assistance that he might have in order to bring the assassins of TROTSKY to justice.

He stated that the first attack had unquestionably been instituted by DAVID ALMARO SIGUEIROS with the assistance of the ARENAL brothers and it was noted by that he had been a close associate of SIGUEIROS prior to this time and had known both LIUS and LEOPOLDO ARENAL. He observed that SIGUEIROS was an artist and had experienced considerable financial difficulty for some time prior to the first attach on TROTSKY.

SIQUEIROS had stated on numerous occasions that he was not affiliated with the Communist party, having been expelled, together with DIEGO RIVEL, in 1926. knowing his previous financial embarrassment a few nonths previous to the assassination, observed that he had quite a bit of money a short time before the first attack and upon questioning SIQUEIROS as to his source of money was advised that he, SIQUEIROS, had sold a painting in New York City, receiving a large stipend therefor.

In opinion this money had some directly from the GPU in the United States, observing that the Communist party in Mexico had little or no money at its disposal.

I short time after the assessination of TRURSHY, SIQUEIROS made to a ddress at the Hidalgo Theatre in Halico City in the name of the Communist party and as its representative,

stating to many followers that the two attacks had not been instituted by the Communist party and, had they been committed by any member thereof, he would certainly have been expelled from the party.

It is to be noted that is seemingly well acquainted with the movements of the Aussian GPU and his opinion was apparently based on definite information rather than hearsay.

He observed that the Communist party in Nexico was not organized and had no money at its disposal. The theory lack of this lack of organization was based on the idea that all Mexicans are Communists and there is no need for extensive work in that country.

"ith this assumption, stated that the attacks on TROTSKY had been planned in Roscow, Russia, and had been carried out through agents in the United States and by a few large officials in Rexico.

vith the ARENEL brothers but inter them by general reputation and that they were known to be very bad characters in Mexico. LNIS ANEMAL purports to be an artist and under this guise has gained entry with influential people in New York with and other parts of the United States. It was noted that ARENAL, while posing as an artist, has done much work for the Communist party in the United States and has collected money for its support and maintenance during his numerous visits to New York wity.

advised that LUIS ALENAL had braghed on several occasions about having successfully stolen large sums of money in the United States. Further advised that LUIS ARPHAL had married an American girl in the United States and who is presently at New York City.

It is assumed by the writer that her name is ROSA BIGEL, residing at 998 Carrol Street, New lork City, and referred to on page 15 of the reference report. It is believed that this individual is in a position to give definite information relative to the modus operandi of ARENA and other members of the Communist party. It was suggested that she be interviewed with a view of obtaining this information.

ventured an opinion as to how the attacks on TROTSKY had been carried out. Fe believed that the first and

second attacks had been instituted directly from Austia and the details had been planned by agents in the United States because of the stupidity of memoers of the Communist party in Mexico. After the first attack was unsuccessful the second attempt was carried out without further direction but was motivated by fear for the failure of the first attack. He observed that the technique used in both attacks was almost identical with that of the Stalinists, then the psychology was the same and it was obviously a result of plans made by the Communist sparty.

Parties ar note was made of apparent knowledges to how the attack was made and it is believed that his opinion was basel on definite information thick he had appeal to give on interview at a subsequent date.

Upon viewing a photograph of Von DE DESCHD, became nervous, indicating that he did recognize this ambividual, but stated that he could not recall the held seen him, believing, however, that he had not him in the Paris Cafe in Hexico City. To tried to recall having son this individual in the company of SECFIRES but residence state definitely that he had ever seen the so together.

It is believed that is in a position to give valuable information concerning the Mussian espionege activity in the United States and Mexico and he stated that he would attempt to secure information relative to the circumstances surrounding the assassingtion of TROTSAN through friends in Hexico City. He further agreed to forward such information to the Albany Office and suggested that he be interviewed at a later date by the writer.

During the course of the interview with writer obtained the following description:

Mome Height Weight Build



Beard Testh Residence

Occupation Marital status Eyes Hair

Ears Face

SpeechNationality -

Police Sergeant of the Ithaca Police Department advised had no criminal record with his department.

Bureau, advised that no report had been made on the Subject by her office.

AT DAUGHARD, VERNO'S

The following interview was conducted by Special Agent R. W. PLACK.

Interview of Postmaster at Bormand, Vermont, shows that no one by the name of L. R. BRADLEY has ever lived in or near Barmard, Vermont nor has he any record of any MURGAY. We stated that both families by the name of FURRAY and BRADLEY lived at Bethel, Vermont, five miles distant.

AT BETHEL, VERSONT

Postmistress at Lethel, Vermont, knew of no one by the name of BRADLEY ever having stayed with the MURRAY's in Pothel and that the only BRADLEY of whom she had record was R. LYBRADLEY.

R. L. BRAILEY, an employee of the State of Vermont, on interview stated that he had never heard of a Mrs. PAULINE FLEISCHMAN in New York City.

Mrs. JOHN HURBAY of the only family by that name

in and about Bethel, Vermont, stated that she had never heard the name of BRADLEY and has never had anyone staying with her at any time.

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

ALBANY FIELD DIVISION

AT ITEACA, NEW YORK

At 206 Eddy Street, will interview Subject with a view of obtaining further information about the TMOTSKY affair; will report the results of the mail cover placed on the subject's residence at 206 Eddy Street on January 6, 1941.

NEW YORK FIFED DIVISION

VI JEN 10'BU CIIA

Will consider interviewing NOSA FICEL, 998 Carrol Street, New York City, with a view of obtaining further information as to the operations of the ALEWAL brothers in the United States, bearing in mind that she is the alleged wife of LUIS ALEMAL.

WASHINGTON FIELD DAVISION

AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Will contact the proper officials of the Bureau of Immigration and Maturalization and the State Department with a view of obtaining information concerning the activity of DIEGO MIVEA, who is a citizen of Mexico.

- PENDING-

January 28, 1941

LEON TROTSKY

The following information was received from an outside, unknown source, dated at New York, January 13, 1941, and is being made a part of the Eurecu's file for any attention which may appear appropriate:

The Communist Party, through Jack Lorenson, is out to get Joe Curran, the president of the Mational Maritime Union. They will even go so far as to Mill Curran if necessary, and the same thing applies to Mervyn Mathborne, the former president of the Communist controlled American Communications Association. Just previous to the time that Jackson, the killer of Trotsky, went into action, Joe Curran was in Mexico as a representative of the MMU at the Mexican Congress which was controlled by Tollend, a close pal and associate of John L. Lewis. Jackson in 1926-27-28 acted as a runner for attorneys located in the Whitehall Street District in New York City. Fe was also a scap-box orator and had spent some time working as a seaman. Later on Jackson spent considerable time at the New School for Social Research on Twelfth Street in New York City.

After the attack made on Frotsky the Communist Party inside group started to lay the blame in a whispering campaign on Joe Curran and his crowd. Curran fought back because he was fully aware that someone was trying to frame him, but Hervyn Rathborne became so scared of his position that he resigned an President of the Communications Association. He then formed an alliance with Joe Curran and they in turn through a bluff ranged to line up the Communist delegates to the C.I.O. Convention at Atlantic City. If the Sidney Hillman program had gone through entirely, the Communist delegates were going to take a walk. They then intended to set up an opposition C.I.O. placing Joe Curran as the acting president and Rathborne was going in as secretary. These things did not materialize and now Curran has to watch every move he makes because Jack Lorenson hates him and thinks he has no business holding the job he now controls.

Line Langue Carrio Actor

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

REPORT MADE AT EUFFALO, NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE 2/3/41	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 1/30/41	REPORT MADE BY W. G. MORAN,	JR.	
JACQUES MARKIND VAN DENDRESSID, with aliases; ET AL.			CHARACTER OF CASE EUFIONAGE - C		
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:		ible to recal	Stica Prison, Attic 1 subjects or Commu		
		- x.3 -			
RETURNOE:	Bureau let	Bursau letter dated January 24, 1941.			
DETAILS:	AP APPICA,	NT YOUR			
- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	in the Bud Now York, State Price and advise Communists that he we and to the Eureeu new He stated tera make	folo Police and procentle con, Attica, ed that he co s made in 193 as at thet ti e best of his er participa that he does on Communist	erly Datactive Ser. Dane about the total Buffald y incarcemented at 12 New York, was interuld retail no raids 4 in which he had pushed in any such raid recall that some 13 while he was a ser	ettica viewed cof earticipated; cotive ds. color	
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193 SEP 6 1950	to aid in subject V	further a any way ha c	dvised he would be ould, and the picto was exhibited to he ked no recollection	ere of	
APPROVED AND FORWARDED	SPECIAL AGENT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
FORWARDED Y	TN CHARGE		DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACE	ES .	
COPIES OF THIS R) /.				
5- Bureau 1- 2 - New York 1- 2 - Buffulo	Maria Maria Black		100 å 159		
			13		

65-1260

In view of the fact that there are no further leads in this Field Division, this case is being

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF CRICIN.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

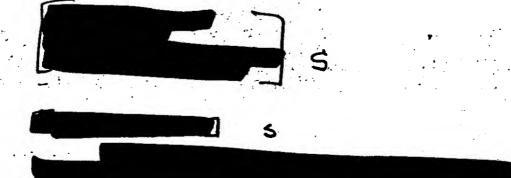
	NEW YORK, NEW YORK		FILE NO. 65-	1.306
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WASHINGTON, D. C.	2/6/41	1/18,21/41	L. W. DICHOHGH	LED:NO
iire	11	-	CHARACTER OF CASE	
JACQUES MARNAR Et al	D van DEE DRESCHE,	with aliases,	ESPIONAGE - R	
ZVNORGIG OF TARE		1		'
YNOPSIS OF FACTS:	No information a Argentine Embase Constitutional ! Federation for (sy. Mational E Rights identics	ederation for I with National	
<u>.</u>				
•		- RUC -		
REFIPENCE:	Report of Special December 9, 194	al Agent M. R. D at New York,	GRIFFIH dated New York.	
DETAILS:	AT TALVERGTON, I	<u>). c.</u>	· \$-	
Government of there we	. SCILINGO, Secretard of JOSE HAMARI 1 cent. SCILINGO statest HAMARI had not be see several difference is one issued by the cors. In some instance at the Embasy	ary of the Imba aving been iss ted that this doesn given such been given such and for comment and ances, those obtat all until t	Corcuran Street, N. W. ssy, advised that he husd a scholarship by hid not necessarily ind a scholarship. He stholarships which might decay by univate intaining scholarships makey were ready to retu	ad is ii- ated ; be
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It was ascertained that the National Federation for Constitutional Rights, 1410 H Street, N. W., is identical with the National Federation for Constitutional Liberties. A detailed report on this organization is being submitted by the Nashington Field Office to the New York at an early date.

- REFERED UPON COMPLETION TO THE CHICE OF ORIGIN -

Pedrusry 25, 1941



I wish to edvise that the investigation of this matter is continuing and attempts are presently being made to determine Van Dendreschd's background and activities in an effort to ascertain whether he and his associates are offiliated with the OGPU.

For your information, I am transmitting berewith a copy of the report of Special Agent M. R. Griffin deted December 9, 1940 at New York City, setting forth a summary of the invectigation in

I also wish to advise that Sylvin Ageloff of Brooklyn, New York who was living with Van Dendreschi at the time of Trotsky's death has returned to Brooklyn, New York. A discreat and confidential investigation is presently being conjuctor at to her estivities and

I would appreciate any information which comes to your attention regarding Van Dondreschi er his associates.

Assuring you of my desire to cooperate in all matters of computed and section Sincerely yours, FEB 201941

TEDERAL BUILDIN OF \$176511.

SECORDES.

H=K (V)3 65-29 182-114

Harch 8. 1941

Special Agent in Charge New York, New York

> RE: JACQUES HARMARD VAN DEMDRESCHD. with elibros: NT AL -EUFLOMAGE (R)

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your letter date! Solutary (1).
1941, regarding the advisability of interviewing Sylvia Ageloss in connection with the captioned matter. From the facts contained in your letter I do not believe that it would be advisable to interview Hiss Ageloss at call time. Tou indicate that arrangements can undoubterly be under at some future date to interview her and it is believed that this latter procedure would be more advisable.

Moneyer, it is desired that you continue to contact your confidential informants reparding Miss Ageloff and make a determined endeavor to have them obtain all possible information which she may have in her possession. During these contacts the informants will undoubtedly be able to ascertain her demenor towards furnishing such information to the FBI at some future time. As soon as information is received indicating that she will be most agreeable to an open interview, you should immediately inform the Eureeu concerning the same.

In view of the nature of this particular case, it is desired that it be handled expeditionally and that reports be submitted at frequent intervals.

Mr. Tolloon

Mr. Clexx OND HONICATIONS SECTIONS

Mr. Formerib

Mr. Lodd

Mr. Riebell

Mr. Rodon

Mr. Mondon

Mr. Rodon

Very truly yours:

40

John Edgar Moover Director

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

lRG:CS .62-6870 New York, N. Y. February 20, 1941

Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation CORDEL
Washington, D. C.

RE: JACQUES MARMARD VAN DENDRESCHD; with aliases, et al; ESPICMAGE - R.

Dear Sir:

With reference to your letter of January 4, 1941, we wish to advise that we have received from confilential informant at this office information that Sylvia ageloff is "in bad" with both the Communists and Trotskyites. The Trotskyites blame her for being the cause of the death of Trotsky and for having robbed them of their reason for being Trotskyites; that is, the fact that their leader was Leon Trotsky. The Communists on the other hand hate her because she apparently has been a Trotskyite and is not to be trusted by them in any way whatever. The informant further advised that SYLVIA AGELOFF was bitter against both the parties mentioned because of this situation, and may be willing to give information if interviewed.

With regard to keeping a check on the activities and contacts made by SYLVIA AGELOFF, we wish to advise that information was received from another confidential source at this office that SYLVIA AGELOFF had been so much annoyed by newspaper reporters endeavoring to interview her that she secured a policeman who was placed outside of her apartment to keep away any undesirable visitors. To the best information of this office, she is supposed to be presently living somewhere on 78th Street near Shore Ecad in Brooklyn. The exact address is unknown.

In connection with the above-entitled case Agent Griffin has on several occasions interviewed ALLAM AGELOFF, brother of SYLVIA ACULOFF. He advises that her health is very bad and that she is unavailable for any interview. He stated that they have had a considerable amount of difficulty with reporters attempting to interview her and have had to hide her out in Brooklyn until her health improves. He further stated that as soon as she was in better health, he would be glad to arrange an interview with an agent of the Sureau because of the fact that we would be practically the only

Director 62-6870

organization that might be interested in the matter who had not pestered the life out of their family in attempting to interview her.

The truth of the physical condition of SYLVTA ABELOFF is unknown.

In view of the above facts, this office is desirous of 'mowing whether it should seek an interview with SYLVIA AGELOFF.

Very truly yours,

B. C. Sockett

....ral Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

New York, New York

LL:ERL

February 19, 1941

Director Federal Bureau of Thvestigation Washington, D. C.

Re: 30-CALLED RIFTH COLUMN TACATOR; TETECTIVE GUOZIO, Informant

Dear Sir:

For the information of the Bureau there is being transmitted herewith one photostatic copy of a memorandum dated December 14, 1940 submitted to the New York Police Department and prepared by Detective abtached to the Alien Squad.

Very truly jums,

B. E. SACKETT

Special Agent in Charge

Inclosure

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sing the same vactor he had so successed by our dyon in a later of the same of

White members of Bills (Sense Cont.)
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The city of Moscow, now the depitoly was divided into sector and squads were assigned accordingly. Moreover, in cachesetor one or more houses were occupied as centres of observation or resistance, while a network of secret telephone lines commanded the sectors with cach other and with their headquarters in these

main office of the C.P.U. or secret police. The squade were for some time fegularly on the job, not only for training to a high degree of efficiency, but also to be ready in case the unpredict Trotaxy changes the date of his attack.

Trotary was losing power, he no lenger edimanded the Red Livny and had been stripped of other political offices. Neverthen less, about a thousand of his old partiagns were organized and

The second continues of the se

everywhere beaten off by the shook troops of defense alread awaiting thems. The attempt at a coup figure was an uttar f

The foregoing is, a summery of the first we shall be set to straight and well recover to the flat sections of the first was a fine contract.

The foregoing is, a summery of the free to the first was a first of the first test and studies where it is to be a first of the free and studies where it

The writer of this memo, when leadin I taly in the Autom of 1938; heard the Story of Trotaky's tactics in 1917 and his failure in 1927 from Italian Military Intelligence of ficers, whe also referred him to Malaparte's book for a full account. They stoled that the past was vicely read and spectage in surone

In 1904, Me 100E, Syone to the month of the same of th

pletely unmasked this Soviet government for what the solid is communism was the principal revolutions for the in the world indeed, up to the date of the Corman-Russian inderstanding is revolutionary this books were by Russian suthers a converted most noted Karl Marx, a German, who wrote mystude grains for revolutionists if it over Europe in 1848 and recording to constitute the stress of the party of the solutions in 1871 as a result of Siperiance is the arise communications in 1871 as a result of Siperiance is the arise communications in 1871 as a result of Siperiance is the arise communications in 1871 as a result of Siperiance is the arise communications in 1871 as a result of Siperiance is the arise communications.

Hitler is quoted in Rauschning's widely read book, writed voice of Destruction as directing the attention of his staff in 1934 to "Coup d'Etat", with the remark "we are learning from the Russians". Since then Hitler has adopted the Russian revolution technique and, through the Gestape, a pears to be directing the efforts of both Communists and Nazi 5th columnists in this downtry just as he is reported to have done in domnettion with the collapse of Holland, Belgium and France.

The writer also had recent confirmation of the application of Frotsky's taction in the capture of Osko by the Germans. It acquaintance. Mr. Daniel W. Armstrong, Vice President of Eastern Petroleum Company, was in Oslo at the time of the occupation and described to him the seizure of the city's public services by 5th Columnists in cooperation with the military occupation by forces which otherwise would have been too small to effect the capture on the first com-

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Commanding Officer, Burseu Criminal flies investig FORWARDING MEMGRANDUM RELATIVE TO SU-CALLED FIRTH COLUMN TAGNICS, PREPARED BY ALPH RAINSFORD

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PSUBJECT: Trotaky's Tactics for the Crestion of Chaos by the Selzure of Utility Services as the First Step in the Overthrow of Government.

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"TROTEKY'S TACTICS IN THE REVOLUTION OF 1919!

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The two leaders disagreed fundamentally as to how the revolution should begin. Lenin wanted to strike the government where it was strongest and expecting attack, to organize an arm from the deserters and rabble in the city, to employ the havy (which the Bolaheviks already controlled) to bombard the strong

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Venderbilt Hotel:
Park avenue & 34th Street,
New Tork City.
POSTCRIPT.

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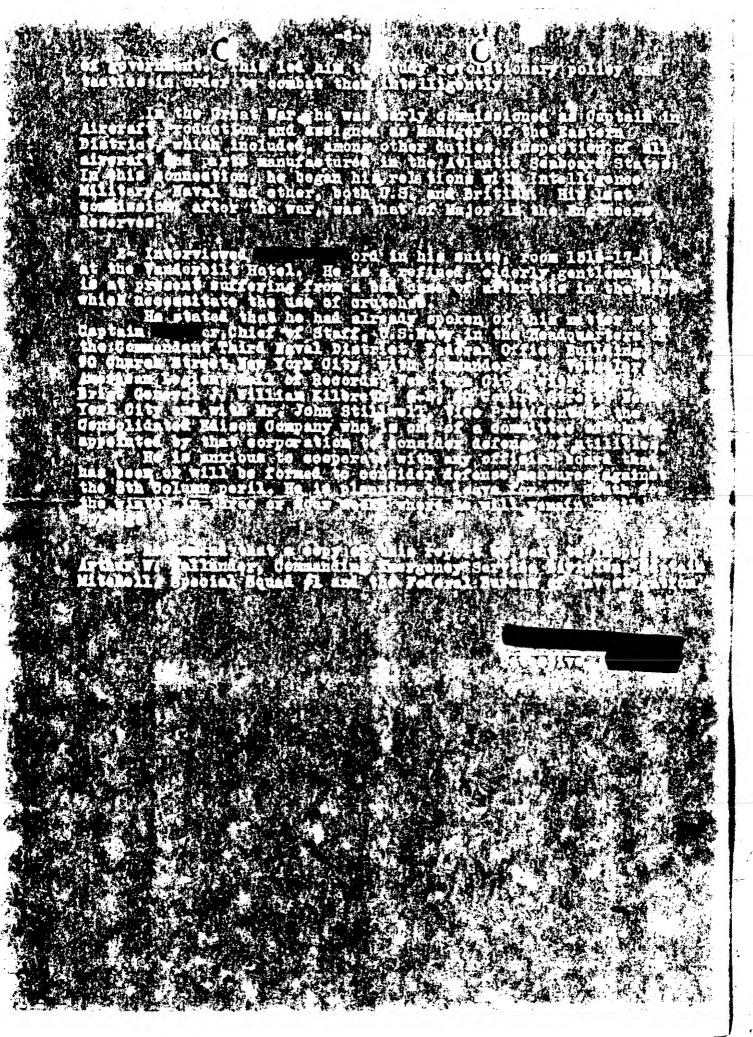
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Karob 7, 1941

PESSONAL AND COMPANIES

Honorable Adolf A. Berle, Jr. Assistant Secretary of State Topartmont of State Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Berle:

There is transmitted herewith a copy of the report of Special Agent N. O. Scott lated February 14, 1941 at New Orleans, Louisians, in the case entitled, "Jacques Marnard Van Dendreschd, with aliases, ot al; Espionage (11)".

till orbrigaent reports required by this Turson concerning the matter will be presetly transmitted on you.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosure HY CPICIAL MESSENGER

REAL PROPERTY SECTIONS SECTION

March 7, 1941

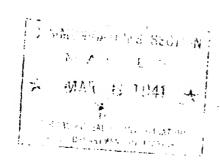


I am transmitting herewith, for your information, a comp of the report of Special Agent %. O. Scott dated February 14, 1941 at New Orleans, Louisians, in the cree entitled, "Jacques Marrard Tan Dondreschd, with slicese, ob al; Emiorage (8)".

All subsections reports conserving this restor of a ball promothly transmitted to you.

Sincerely yours,

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF IMMESTIGATION

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in a hospital bed. He further advised that the photograph of subject looked familiar to him as one sho might have been hanging around the Commissar's Office. He further stated that to the best of his recollection, subject was well educated; that he spoke French and English fluently. He further stated that he was not well acquainted with the subject and has not mean him since 1937. Due to the fact that the has been very cooperative with this Agent in other matters of great importance to the Bureau, it is felt that he would have gladly furnished any information he had regarding subject. When was interviewed some months ago, he could not give the right name of the subject, nor did he appear to have any knowledge concerning him.

As there is no further investigation to be conducted in this division, this matter is being -

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO DIVISION OF ORIGIN

-2-

. March 7, 1941

Special Agent in Charge New York, New York

> Re: JACQUES LARMARD VAN DENDRESCHD With aliases, et al; ESPIONAGE - R.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your letter dated February 20, 1941, concerning the above-captioned matter, wherein you set forth information concerning an interview with the mother of Sylvia Rosenberg, 10/5 Kelly Street, Bronx, New York.



Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

MAR 7 1941 *

MAR 7 1941 *

PETERAL GLOSS AND THE MANAGEMENT OF JUSTIME

March 6, 1941

Mrs. A. C. Labbei
Mational President
Labional Essociation of Promerica
564 Market Street
Lan Francisco, California

Dear Tra. Mattei:

I have recaised your letter of ebruary 10, 1041, in which you enclosed a letter to me from Mr. Malph tainsford, 410 touting Avenue, Palm Beach, Ilorida, together with an outline prepared by him. I want to express my sincere thanks for your thoughtful-ross in making the material quailable to this Bureau and I am enclosing at this time a copy of my letter to Mr. Asinsfori.

For your information, data similar to the cookletted in the material you exclosed has be necessed by this Datasu from exect to the contract.

hith best wishes and hind rejunds,

Streerely pours,

MAR AND SECTION

MAR AN

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF PRO AMERICA

NATIONAL ORGANIZATION OF REPUBLICAN WOMEN INDEPENDENT - VOLUNTEER - PERMANENT

Founded in 1933

564 Market Street

San Francisco, California

EXbrook 7282

February 19, 1941

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Mr. J. Edgar Hoover Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed is some material forwarded to me by Mrs. Theodore Griggs of St. Paul, Minnesota. Mrs. Griggs is one of our valued members; is a woman of great wealth and influence, and a thoroughly patriotic citizen. She telephoned to me in San Francisco from Palm Beach to tell me about the material enclosed. It was submitted by a man in whom she has confidence, and she wanted to insure that it came to your attention.

Bert read it and was not impressed, but I know, as a personal favor, that you will look it over and send a reply directly to Mr. Rainsford.

If, for any reason, you wish Mrs. Griggs' present address, it is: Mrs. Theodore W. Griggs 101 Sunset Avenue Palm Beach Florida.

Sincerety yours,

National Presiden

FOM/seb encs.

Palu Beach, Fla.. 2,8,41

Chief J.F. J.F.
Wasnington D.C.

Leur Sir: -

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Same particularly sux soin to know of the story it wills in house to the F.B. I., o if you have institute of hunitar organization by 5th columnists in this country for the simplester of which services in our principal cities.

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+ fear that as jor as the Police are concerned I they succeed.

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Jan there fore asking your indulgines net only for the justion at he beginning of his letter, but particularly for the for your frank opinion on whar I am attempting to do, in identating people in anthority on certain as people if sevolutioning tactics now employed by the stages.

Calph Rainford

P.S. I undose copy of memo an distributed by the M.Y.

Guard, because it is easier to read, also copy as originally

written, because it bears no restrictions as to deplication.

was assured, however, that E.P. Deston to would not object

to further publication by responsible posters.



THIS PUBLICATION IS "RESTRICTED". ITS DISTRIBUTION WILL BE CONFINED TO PERSONS IN THE MILITARY SERVICE AND DO PART OF IT WILL BE CIVEN OUT FOR PUBLICATION.

December 6, 1940.

Through the courtesy of E. P. Dutton & Co., New York, the copyright owners, permission has been obtained to make a limited distribution of a summary by Major Ralph Rainsford of Curzio Malaparte's "Coup d'Etat—The Technique of Revolution," The entire book is an interesting study of many revolutions, but the parts here epitomized are those that seem to bear most directly on the problems of the New York Guard.

SUBJECT:

Trotsky's Tactics for the Creation of Chaos by the Seizure of Utility Services as the First Step in the overthrow of Government.

INTRODUCTION:

This memorandum aims to set forth the tactics employed by Leon Trotsky in 1917 in the overthrow of the Kerensky government; to point out their universal application against any city or state; to show how they were check-mated by Stalin in 1927, using Trotsky's own system; and how they were adopted by the Nazis as a method of 5th Column attack.

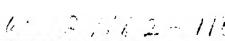
The inescapable conclusion, unless some brilliant mind invents a new defense, is that every metropolis must meet the threat of attack by a special corps of shock troops by the organization of a similar special corps.

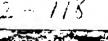
TROTSKY'S TACTICS IN THE REVOLUTION OF 1917.

In October 1917, Lenin and Trotsky overthrew the Kerensky government in Petrograd and launched the Bolshevik revolution which was to overrun the whole of Russia. Lenin was the acknowledged leader of the Bolshevik or revolutionary party, and the broad strategy of the revolution was due to him. Trotsky, on the other hand, was the tactician whose brilliant plan made possible the coup d'etatthe overthrow of the state.

The two leaders disagreed fundamentally as to how the revolution should begin. Lenin wanted to strike the government where it was strongest and expecting attack, to organize an army from the deserters and rabble in the city, to employ the navy (which the Bolsheviks already controlled) to bombard the strong points of the city, and to call a general strike. According to him the insurrection must be sustained by the revolutionary impulse of the whole people. Trotsky, for his part, considered such a mass too cumbersome. He wanted a small body of shock troops, cold-blooded and violent, trained in the tactics of . insurrection, to strike from the inside, to strike at the utility services, to create chaos - a condition under which the government could not operate and could easily be toppled from power. - He could not, however, sell his idea to Lonin, who remained in hiding and disguise, nor to the central committee of the Nevertheless he persisted and, after notifying party, who distructed him. Lenin of his intentions, but not the committee, on October 24th launched his attack,

The Kerensky government had taken all usual precautions for the protection of the capitol, using the so-called police methods which are still relied upon







by liberal government. The palaces where the government offices and military headquarters were a risoned, and the smaller forces were distributed in the Telegraph Building, Reilway Stations, etc., beside machine gun units at strategic street intersections and street patrols in armored cars. In this manner 20,000 troops, all that could be counted upon, were mobilized and dispersed to protect the strategic points in the political and bureaucratic organization of the State. When Trotsky learned of this disposition of the forces of the government, he knew he would meet with but little opposition in his plan to create chaos by seizing and interrupting all utility services, steam and street railway, light and power, gas, water, telephone, telegraph and radio.

Trotsky's shock troops consisted of a thousand carefully selected workmen, soldiers and sailors, men with mechanical and engineering experience, divided into squads of ten, under the leadership of engineers. For about ten days they were drilled in "invisible maneuvers" in broad daylight directed against the particular objective to which the squad was assigned. Unarmed and ununiformed, singly and in pairs, the members of a squad visited the utility they were to capture and studied the ground. They visualized and remembered the plan of a building and studied the best way of getting into it suddenly, and how best to take and hold it. They were called "invisible" because no attention was paid to apparently aimless civilians who wandered through the corridors of post and telegraph offices, or stared at electric substations and power plants, at water and gas control stations, etc. At night the members of the squad met to confer and, as they gained in confidence, even practiced the final maneuver in daylight when crowds, as at a railway station, hid their activities.

A plan of the city's utility services had been obtained, and not only were the control valves and switches located and examined, but even experimented with to determine exactly how light, gas, water and telephone might be disconnected from a group of buildings which it would be desirable to isolate.

Details of the plan of operations were assigned by Trotsky to a former officer of the Imperial Army, one Cvseienko, who, judged by results, was exceedingly competent. In ten days all was ready. Trotsky struck. That same day, the Revolutionary Commission, in ignorance of his action, met to set a date for the uprising. Ovseienko sat down to await events. He had not long to wait for news of the first successes. By evening, all objectives had been obtained and he so reported to Lenin.

The situation was most unusual. The legislative and administrative bodies were still in Kerensky's hands. The palaces and the War Ministry had not even been attacked. Yet none of these could communicate, call for outside aid, rally their resources within or outside the city, or do other than wait in helplessness on the course of events. They could no longer govern, police or protect the capitol because all means of communication were in the hands of the Bolsheviks. The roads and bridges to the suburbs were barricaded, no one might leave town, and no couriers succeeded in slipping through the Red Guards surrounding the buildings, occupied by government agencies.

The following day, Trotsky ordered his Red Guards to attack the Winter Palace, where Kerensky's ministers had taken refuge, captured them after brief resistance and announced the fall of the government. Lenin came out of hiding and the Bolsheviks seized power in the Duma. The revolution, though only a minority, was already a success.

STALIN COUNTERS TROTSE

On the tenth anniversary of the October revolution of 1917, Trotsky attempted to oust Stalin as head of the Russian State, using the same tactics he had so successfully employed in launching the revolution. He failed completely and for the simple reason that Stalin employed Trotsky's tactics against Trotsky, organized a similar corps of a thousand men to defend the utilities and parried the invisible attack by an invisible defense.

The members of Stalin's defense corps consisted of a hundred squads of ten men each, mechanics, electricians, telegraphers, etc., recruited chiefly from the Public Services. Their arms were revolvers and hand grenades. They were no uniforms or distinguishing insignia, but the members of each squad not only knew one another, but were required to know personally the members of all other squads assigned to the same as well as to all neighboring objectives. Several squads were assigned to large buildings, 160 men (including telegraphers) to one of the Railway Stations. Machine gunners accompanied each detachment and 20 armored cars acted as special reinforcement.

The city of Moscow, now the capitol, was divided into sectors and squads were assigned accordingly. Moreover, in each sector one or more houses were occupied as centers of observation or resistance, while a network of secret telephone lines connected the sectors with each other and with their headquarters in the main office of the G.P.U., or secret police. The squads were for seme time regularly on the job, not only for training to a high degree of efficiency, but also to be ready in case the unpredictable Trotsky changed the date of his attack.

Trotsky was losing power, he no longer commanded the Red Army and had been stripped of other political offices. Nevertheless, about a thousand of his old partisans were organized and practising invisible maneuvers against the Day. Stalin's shock troops watched Trotsky's men at work and even permitted them to practise sabotage on the utility services. Their orders were not to interfere.

In 1917, Trotsky left the government strictly alone for the first 24 hours and did not attack it until it was paralyzed by chaos. In 1927, however, he aimed to arrest the principal government officials residing outside the Kremlin walls as soon as the head officer of the State's public services had been captured. Unfortunately for him, all these officials were warned and took refuge in the Kremlin, where Stalin always made his headquarters. The shock troops attacking the utilities were everywhere beaten off by the shock troops of defense already awaiting them. The attempt at a coup d'etat was an utter failure.

TROTSKY'S TACTICS ADOPTED BY THE NAZIS.

The foregoing is a summary of the first two chapters of a book by an Italian officer and well-known writer, Curzio Malaparte, entitled "Coup d'Etat - The Tochnique of Revolution", written as a result of his inquiries and studies when in Moscow in 1929.

The writer of this memo, when last in Italy in the Autumn of 1938, he ard the story of Trotsky's tactics in 1917 and his failure in 1927 from Italian Military Intelligence officers, who also referred him to Malaparte's book for a full account. They stated that the book was widely read and studied in Europe. Although translated into English and published by E.P. Dutton in 1932, the book

Until the Polish of the son and the war in Finland of ly unmasked the Soviet government for at it really is, communism was principal revolutionary force in the world. Indeed, up to the date of the German-Russian understanding, most revolutionary text books were by Russian authors, except for the most noted, Karl Marx, a German, who wrote much to guide the revolutionists all over Europe in 1848, and redrafted his opinions in 1871 as a result of experience in the Paris Commune. That was his last word.

Hitler is quoted in Rauschning's widely read book, "The Voice of Destruction" as directing the attention of his staff in 1934 to "Coup d'Etat", with the remark "we are learning from the Russians." Since then Hitler has adopted the Russian revolutionary technique and, through the Gestapo, appears to be directing the efforts of both Communists and Nazi 5th Columnists in this country just as he is reported to have done in connection with the collapse of Holland, Belgium and France.

The writer also had recent confirmation of the application of Trotsky's tactics in the capture of Oslo by the Germans. An acquaintance, Mr. Daniel W. Armstrong, Vice President of Eastern Petroleum Company, was in Oslo at the time of the occupation and described to him the seizure of the city's public services by 5th Columnists in cooperation with the military occupation by forces which otherwise would have been too small to effect the capture on the first day.

SOME OBSERVATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS.

Trotsky, as his admirer Malaparte has shown, believed that the problem of the conquest and defense of a State is not a political but a technical one, that the art of State defense is guided by the same principles that guide the art of its conquest, and that an insurrection does not require favorable circumstances, such as political and social disturbances. Indeed, Trotsky maintained that in the most fully policed and best organized countries of Europe, namely, Holland and Switzerland, where law and order are a natural characteristic of the people, the difficulties of applying his tactics of insurrection would be no greater than it was in the Russia of Kerensky. Therefore, to defeat Trotsky, we should copy Stalin.

Respectfully submitted,

RALPH RAINSFORD, Vanderbilt Hatel Park Ave. & 34th St. New York City.

POSTSCRIPT:

It has been suggested that the writer explain how he came to be interested in and gained a knowledge of the matters here recited. The following is therefore appended with apologies:

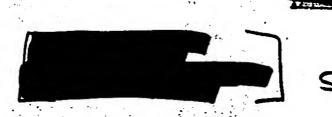
The writer is an engineer, recently retired, who has been associated (as an operating executive) with the mining business, with manufacturing, and with public utility operations. * * * * * * * *

In the Great War, he was early commissioned as Captain in Aircraft Production and assigned as Manager of the Eastern District, which included, among other duties, inspection of all aircraft and parts manufactured in the Atlantic Seaboard States. In this connection, he began his relations with Intelligence, Military, Naval and other, both U. S. and British. His last commission, after the war, was that of Major in the Engineers Reserve.

BENDANKS

PJ:":WAL 65-29162-119

March 25, 1941



Transmitted horseith, for your information, is a copy of the report of Special Agent P. B. Beachum, Jr., dated March 10, 1941 at Albany, New York, in the case entitled, "Jacques Marnard Van Pendreschd, with aliases, et al; Yspionage-B."

issuring you of my desire to cooperate in ell

Sincerely yours,

Enclosure

DATE 1-12-57

Mar 26 & 41 PH VIII

er, beldl

r. S. A. Trans

March 26, 1941

PERSONAL AND COMPONENTED

6.50

Houseable Adolf A. Berle, Jr. Assistant Secretary of State Department of State Washington, D. C.

Dear Lr. Perlos

Reference is made to our prior correspondence concerning the case entitled, "Jacques Marmard Van Pendreschi, with aliases, et al. Espionage $(R)^n$.

Trunmitted herowith, for your information, is a copy of the report of Special Agent P. B. Banchum, Pr., dated March 13, 1941 at Albany, New York, regarding the successful matter.

All subsequent reports conserving this investigation will be promptly transmitted to you upon their receipt at this Duram.

Sincerely Tours,

Enclosure BY SEVELAL MUSSEROER Sep Fe N

Mas

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

EPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY		
Albany, New York	3/10/41	3/3,4,5/41	P. B. BEACH	M, Jr.	
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	from him infor	Subject again interviewed in effort to obtain from him information of value concerning activities			
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	to SIQUEIROS a	and LUIS ARENAL	but has no factua	l information	
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65-796

relative to any correspondence might have received while at this address and relative to his associates.

advised that for the most part the friends of were Columbians, there being two or three on the campus. She stated that he had one friend, ALFONCE HERRERA, a student at the University, who had a brother in the United States Army and who was now stathened at Mitchell Flying Field; the name of this brother one did not know. She also advised that the parents of ALFONCE HERRERA were recently at the University to visit him. lived with HERRERA for a short time but is now living alone at this address.

Another friend of the according to the series of the HELTY ATTEN, a Russian Jew, whose home is at 412 New Jersey Ave., Brooklyn, New York, and according to statements made to the statements made to the series of the father is in the insurance business. Advised that ATTEN appeared peculiar but was apparently a good American. He has spent some time in discussions with the or did at the time he and lived together at her house. She advised they lived together for only a short time and since then she has not seen him often. ATTEN, she stated, appeared dissatisfied, was very unkempt, and at the present time, she advised, she believes he is not registered at the college. Further, it was her knowledge that he was studying foreign languages in order to try to get in the United States foreign service.

could remember no other friends of the campus or any other persons with whom he had been seen.

According to she has talked to a great deal and he had told her something of his background. She stated that he left Argentina for religious reasons and because he was dissatisfied with his home life there. His brother is quite wealthy according to his statements but he was not satisfied with conditions there. He advised that he was reared a Catholic but he was dissatisfied with the doctrines of that faith and was now a Procestant and a member of the Methodist

Church. She advised that he had stated to her that he was getting some of his money from a tailor in Mexico with whom he lived while in that country, the tailor residing in Mexico City.

As for mail received by she stated that he had received mail from his home in Argentina and also one letter to her knowledge from one AIBERT RAND, 448 Central Park West, New York City. She advised she had also forwarded mail to him at this address while he was there during the spring holidays this year. I likewise disclosed that made a telephone call to this person in New York just prior to the spring holidays and asked to be allowed to visit him during the holidays. There have been no other calls from her telephone.

was not advised of the nature of this investigation and she did not question the purpose but advised
she would observe discreetly any acquaintances of and
would likewise keep a record of any correspondence or messages.
She was questioned concerning the types of literature observed
in room and stated that she had only seen textbooks
and mal from his relatives. Further, she advised,
appeared to be a religious and conscientious person.

was interviewed on three segarate occasions by the writer in order not to interfere with his classroom work and in an effort not to antagonize him unnecessarily. He appeared very cooperative and willing to give all information requested of nim. It is to be noted that he does not speak English very well and a considerable amount of time and patience are necessary to question him/to elicit answers to the questions. In answering he does not appet to be endeavoring to conceal information. However, his countenance is rather hard to diagnose.



advised that he had given practically all information in his possession to Agents who had previously interviewed him and although it is to be noted he stated during this interview he was not previously aware of the reason for the interview with him, he had little additional information in his possession which he saw fit to disclose.

was advised that although he had been previously interviewed, it was believed that he still had information in his possession which would be of benefit and interest to the Bureau. He appeared in doubt as to whether the investigation was of him or in order to get information from him as stated. He was advised that the interviews with him were only for the purpose of obtaining information which it was believed he might have or be able to obtain due to his relationships in Mexico.

advised that it was his previous belief that the interviews were of a political nature, that is, the purpose was believed to be political rather than a matter of national defense. This question arose when the matter of the two factions, Stalinists and Troskyites, was raised. He stated he would give no information willingly if he thought the information was merely concerning two political factions. It was gathered from the interviews that he has become rather disgusted with political factions fighting one another with no thought for the good of the people.

He disclosed that he did not believe he had information concerning the operations of the CCPU and the Communist Party in the United States which would be of much value to this Bureau. However, he volunteered to relate facts and incidents, some of which have been previously given, which have come to his attention as a result of his previous membership in the Communist Party and sojourn in Mexico City.

and had been reared a Catholic in Argentina. He advised that

he had become interested in true Communism while in that country and had become disgusted with politics, religion and life in general in that country. No one, he stated, had been responsible for his beliefs. True Communism, he advised, has its basis in religion. He stated that he left Argentina and came to Mexico in order to get a different view of things. Upon arriving in Mexico, he was without friends and acquaintances and at the various tourist clubs, etc. he met individuals who desired to make conversation and eventually he found himself a member of the Communist oranization.

This, he stated, was not against his wishes as he was looking for some organization which would meet with his ideals. He advised he received a membership card, paid his dues and attended meetings, both public rallies and those within the organization for political discussions or for the forming of policies or making rules. He stated, however, that he did not last long in the organization because as soon as he began attending the meetings he became aware of the fact that there was only discussion on ways and means to get members for the party into political and other offices and at the sacrifice of those people who needed aid.

He advised he made known his views in the meetings and it was but a short time before he was not allowed to speak and then expelled from the party. As for being expelled, he advised he was never formally notified of this but one of the officers told him to get cut. He stated that a short time thereafter he left Mexico City for the United States and had had no dealings with the party since that time.

The matter of the TROTSKY murder was discussed and advised that previous to the first assault on TROTSKY, SIQUEIROS had a considerable sum of money and was spending it quite freely at the various clubs. He stated that SIQUEIROS was

supposed to have won an American prize forpaintings of his which were displayed at an art exibit in New York City. About three months previous to this, he advised, SIQUEIROS appeared to be working very hard, his eyes were red and his hands were always smeared with paint.

As to his becoming acquainted with SIQUEIROS, advised that he met him in one of the clubs in Mexico-City along with other persons and not through any connections which he might have had previous to his coming there or through contacts of a political nature.

advised that in his opinion(and it is to be noted that he theorized extensively, stating that he had little information of fact), the money for the TROTSKY murder came both from the Just and the United States, not from the Communist organization, but from the OGPU. The OGPU is not a part of the Communist party; that is, it works separately and as a distinct organization. Its operations, he stated, are not directed by the Communist Party. As a basis for this, he advised, members of the Communist party in Montevidio are not accepted as employees in the Mussian Embassies and Consulates.

He advised further that SIQUEIROS was the type of individual who would on his own initiative and without urging from any other source, commit an offence of the nature which he attempted. He was a Stalinist and an adventurer. Although this be true, he stated, he believes the first assault was initiated by the OGPU. TROTSKY, he stated, was a potential contestant of STALIN's power in Russia in case of revolution and this, he believes, must fillow in the wake of the present war. The people of Russia, he advised, still liked TROTSKY regardless of politics and would despise STALIN were it known that he initiated the TROTSKY assault.

As to JACSON, advised he thinks he has met him somewhere but he states he is truthful when he declares he can not remember where or when. He stated that if events, time or places could be brought to his attention. he might be able to recall. He was asked if he had not met JACSON at a dinner in his) honor in Mexico City just prior to his departure from that city and replied that the only dinner he had had just prior to his departure was at Mrs. KAISA's, a place where tourists stop on Calzada Legaria, which is a small street. He advised he was positive beyond doubt that JACSON nor anyone fitting his description was present at that time and that the dinner was very small. there being only five people present. It is to be noted. he advised, he would not like to give the names of these people inasmuch as they were only friends and would have no information. He thought perhaps, according to his statement, that these people might be interviewed and he could see where nothing would be gained thereby. He was advised that he should give the cames of these persons if they were not friends of long standing inasmuch as it should be determined whether their names have previously been mentioned in connection with the present effort to obtain information relative to the operations of the OGPU in the United States. He stated he would rather not do this and the point was not carried further.

was questioned as to several of the dames of subjects and others in this case and advised he did not know STLVIA AGELOFF or any of the others with the exception of those already mentioned by him. He advised that he had seen LUIS AMENAL and one of the other brothers but he did not remember or know the name of the other. He stated he hid often talked to SIQUEIROS, once or twice to LUIS AMENAL and never with any of the other subjects of this case. LUIS AMENAL, as well as SIQUEIROS, were of a revolutionary type, capable of any crime.

As to other members of the Communist Party in Mexico, officials and leaders, advised he was introduced to CAMILOS-CONTECARAS in the Spanish Club in Mexico City, but never had any dealings with him.

The state of the s

was questioned as to whether he had ever made a trip to the United States prior to the present one and at first stated that he had not. He then changed this statement and advised of his own volition that he had made a trip to Vassar College in connection with the Youth Congress in 1938. Volunteered that the reason he had stated he had not been to the United States previously was because he had a feeling that he was being investigated and did not wish to get himself in difficulty, stating that the trip was for the Communist Farty.

He was questioned as to whom he saw at the Congress and stated that he met at this time one—MADRAZO of Mexico City, the first name he was unable to recall. MADRAZO, he advised was now a member of the Chamber of Deputies of Mexico. He stated he did not at this time meet any of the subjects of this case nor any others connected with the Communist farty in Mexico.

A short time after entering the University, he advised he received a letter from a young boy who lived in the same house with him in Mexico City and this boy advised that he had been told by RODRIGO GARCIA TREVINO, a professor at the school, that he saw with JACSON. He then advised that he wrote the professor and inquired of himse to where he had seen him with JACSON. Advised he definitely had never been with JACSON to his knowledge and that if we had information or facts which would refresh his memory, he would be placed to be questioned concerning them in an effort to recall this person if he had ever met him.

and believes that the Communists in Mexico are controlled and supervised by the Communist Party of the United States. He advised that at the time he himself was in Mexico, HERNAN LABORDE was the Secretary of the Communist Party there and was expelled in 1938 for suspicions of Trotslyism. BIONISIO ENCINAS was then made provisional Secretary and thinks he was later elected Secretary.

As to the strength of the Communist Party in Mexico, he advised that it was weak in Mexico but strong in Cuba. He advised he was not familiar with the financing of the party as far as the United States was concerned but knows that LUIS ARENAL was furnished money in the United States for newspaper work in Mexico and spent this money for his own use (this according to the statements of AHEMAL to

disclosed that while LABORDE was Secretary, he made numerous trips to Russia. He further advised that the Communists try to carry out the requests and demands of STALIN and/or LENIN. The Communist Party in Mexico, he advised, supports the CTM Labor Party as it supports the C.I.O. in the United States.

advised that he himself was not at this time in sympathy with the Communist Party. He advised he was a very religious individual when young and had the interest of the common man at heart. He did not like the Catholic religion in Argentina or Mexico and joined the Communist Party in the belief that it would be the religious party and had the welfare of the people in mind. However, he later found that this was not true and so expressed himself and was expelled from the party. He advised he had now joined the Methodist Church.

advised the secrets of the party or the activities of the party were not known to him and although he has expressed his opinion as to the activities of both, this opinion was only the result of his study of the policies of the Communist Party and things he has seen.

He advised he was now aware that this Eureau desired information from him concerning his knowledge of the activities of each organization and although he did not believe he had any peculiar information in his possession in which we would be interested, he would be glad to talk to an Agent of this Bureau at any time and would furnish any information in his

65-796

possession. He stated that he did not believe that any Communist would have anything to do with him since he had been expelled from the party and since he had been in the United States he has had no connection with the party.

It is to be noted that appeared to be intelligent and apparently spoke the truth and it is believed that he is in a position to obtain information of value to this investigation. However, it was not deemed advisable to spend further time with him at this time.

advised he did not know whether he would return to Argentina. He advised he liked the United States and would like to remain here. His visa expires in October 1941, he stated.

- PENDING -

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

ALBANY FIELD DIVISION

AT ITHACA, NEW YORK

will within a reasonable length of time again concerning information which he has been able to remember or which has come to his attention since this interview. Will erdeavor to develop him further and gain his confidence in order that information of value may be obtained from him.

tion concerning additional acquaintances of and additional mail he might have received.

NEW YORK FIELD DIVISION

AT NEW YORK CITY

will ascertain the background of ALBERT RAND of 448 Central Park West, New York City.

- PENDING -